



# סמינר פריודיזציה בספורט

מארחים: המכללה האקדמית בוינגייט, היחידה לספורט הישגי,

מכון וינגייט והוועד האולימפי

## SAVE THE DATES:

**JANUARY 10-11, 2018**

כ"ג-כ"ד בטבת, תשע"ח

### PERIODIZATION IN SPORT SEMINAR

Hosted by the Academic College at Wingate, The Elite Sport Department, The Wingate Institute and Olympic Committee of Israel

### KEYNOTE SPEAKERS מרצים אורחים

Prof. Carlo Castagna, University of Rome Tor Vergata, Rome, Italy

Dr. Genadijus Sokolovas, Global Sport Technology, Inc., Colorado Springs, USA

# Planning in Football

Carlo Castagna PhD



UNIVERSITA' degli STUDI di ROMA  
TOR VERGATA

SETTORE TECNICO FIGC.IT



Laboratorio di Metodologia e Biomeccanica Applicata al Calcio  
Coverciano (**Firenze**)

# Plan of the Talk



## Planning in:

- **Football**
- **Elite Performance**
- **Youth Soccer**
- **Future direcions**
- **Conclusion**



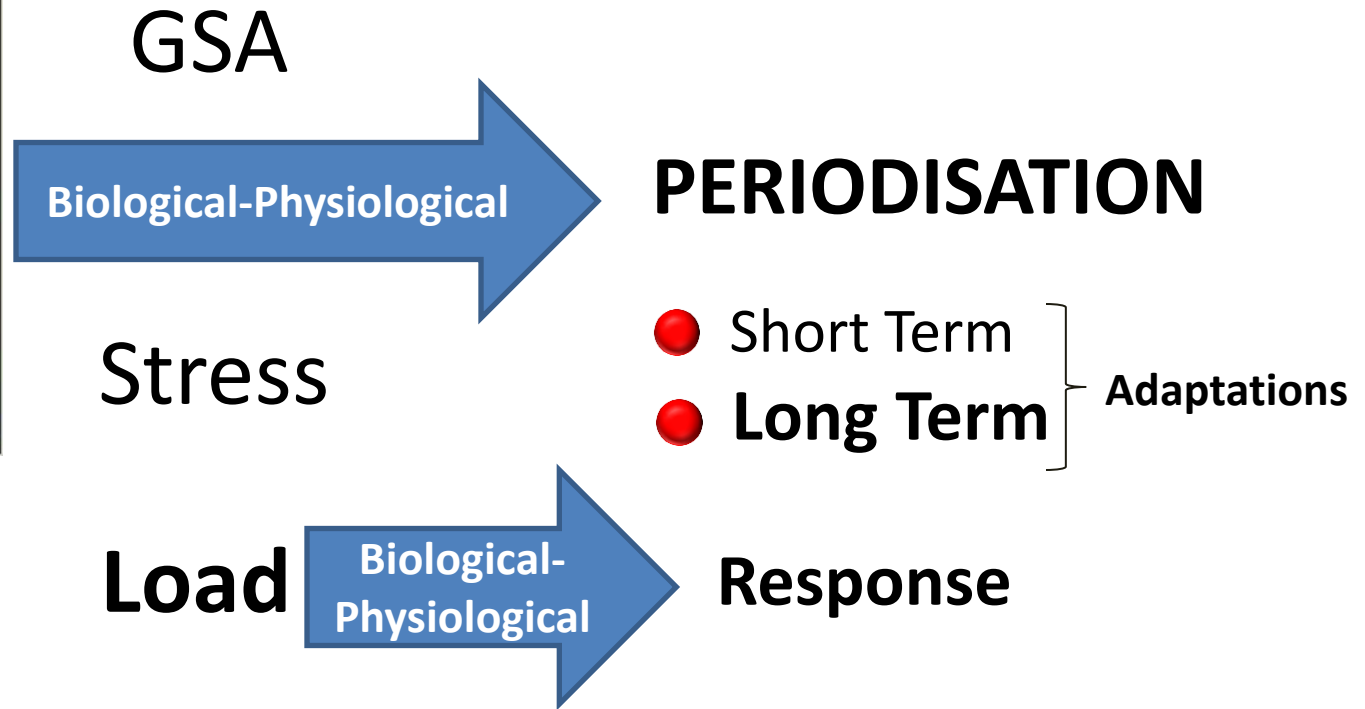
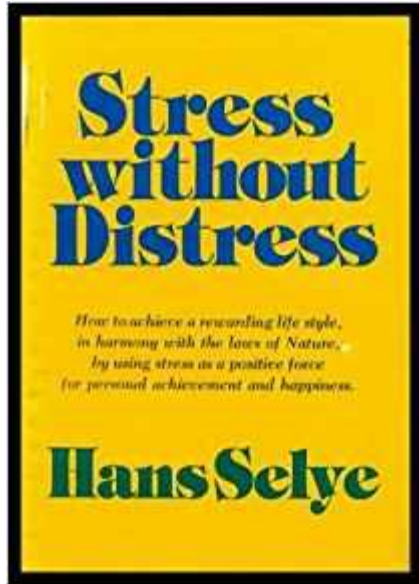
# Which Football?



- **Amateur**
- **Adult**
- **Elite**
- **Youth**
- **Male**
- **Female**
- **Recreational**



# Periodisation



# Periodisation



REVIEW ARTICLE

Sports Med 2010; 40 (3): 189-206  
0112-1642/10/0003-0189/\$49.95/0

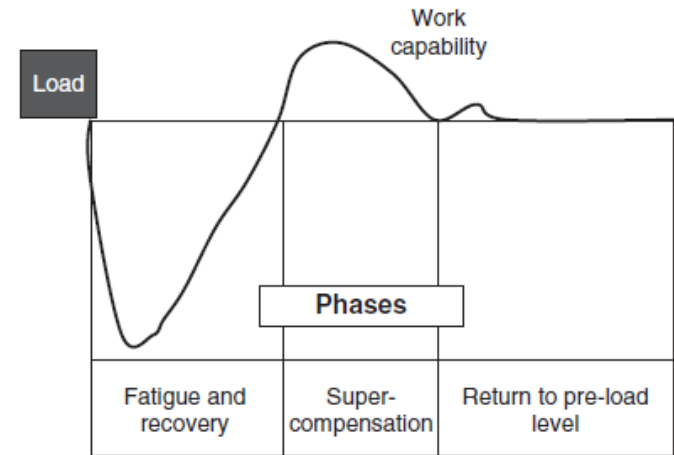
© 2010 Acta Data Information BV. All rights reserved.

## New Horizons for the Methodology and Physiology of Training Periodization

Vladimir B. Issurin

Elite Sport Department, Wingate Institute, Netanya, Israel

### Contents

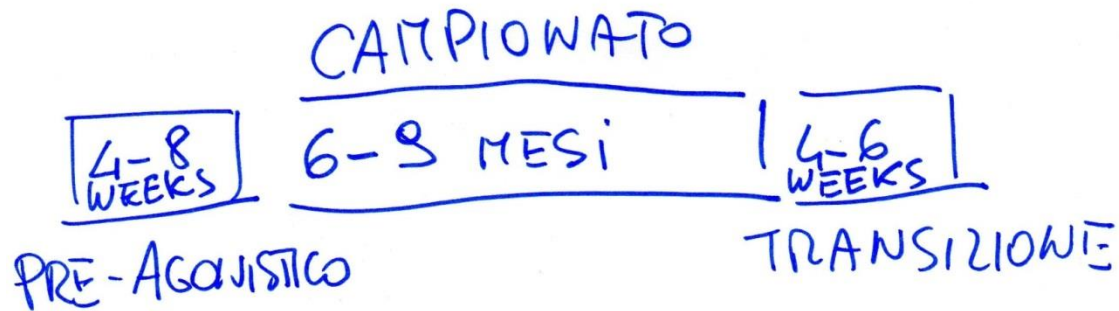


Phases	Off-season	Pre-season	In-season	Post-season break
Targets	AR MC GS	TP SSSP MS SSE	MC TTS SSE	AR PR
Load	Low to medium	Medium to high	High to very high	Low
Duration	3-4 weeks	6-20 weeks	15-35 weeks	1-4 weeks

# Talking about?



## PERIODIZZAZIONE CALCIO



# Fitness for Football: Constructs



Impellizzeri and Marcora 2009

## Theoretical Framework : Football

Football  
Performance

Ranking

Relevant  
Constructs

Technical

Tactical

Physical

Causal Construct  
Indicators

Match  
Hi-Intensity

Causal Variables

Criterion  
Performance





# Fitness for Football: Constructs



Designed by  
©VLM SportScience

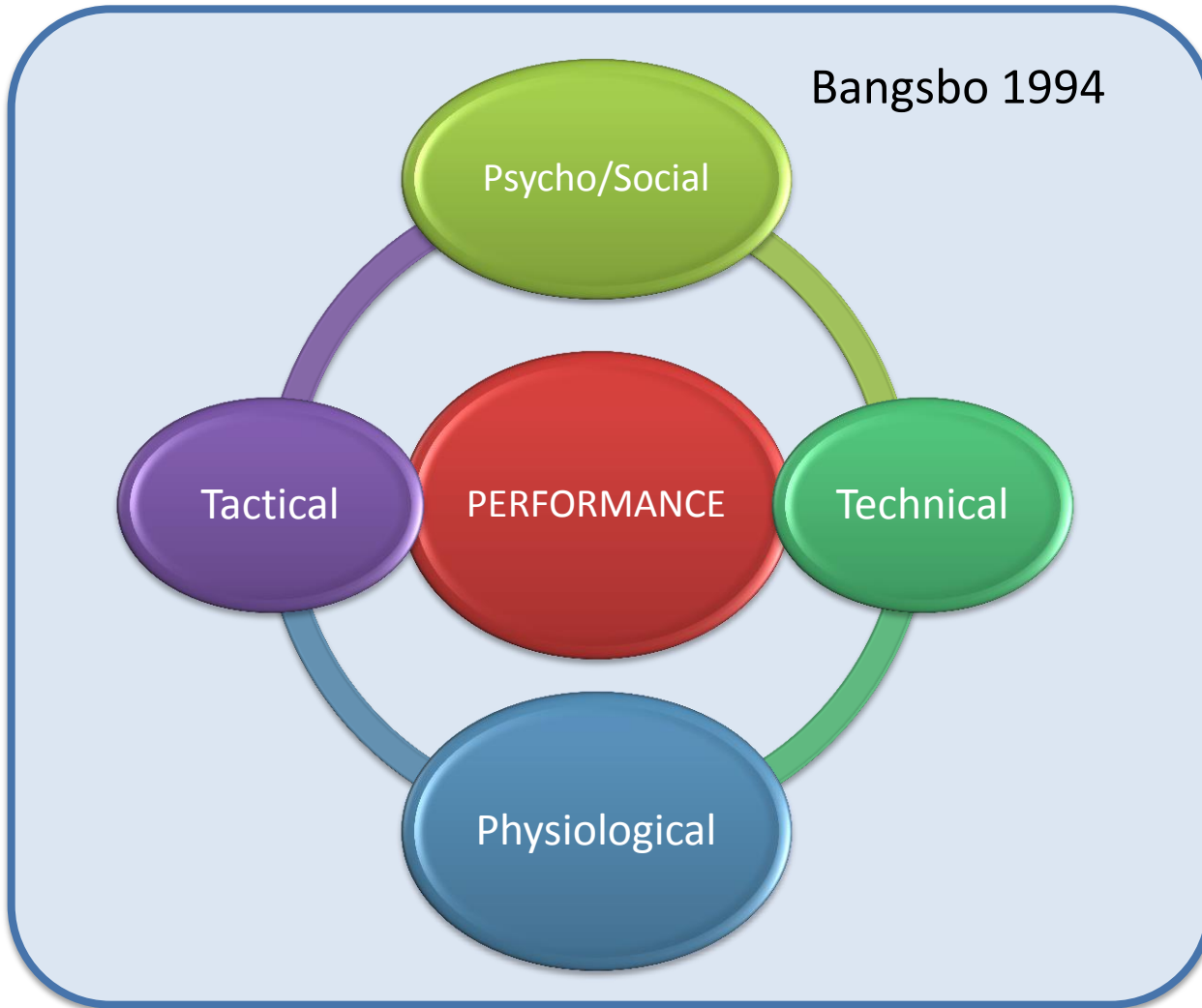
## THE EVOLUTION OF PHYSICAL AND TECHNICAL PERFORMANCE PARAMETERS IN THE ENGLISH PREMIER LEAGUE

By Barnes, Archer, Hogg, Bush & Bradley  
International Journal of Sports Medicine, November 2014

BETWEEN 2006-07 & 2012-13



# Fitness for Football: Constructs



# Football–Specificity



## Operational Construct:

“What helps to achieve the  
Supposed football relevant  
aim... using mainly  
match related drills”

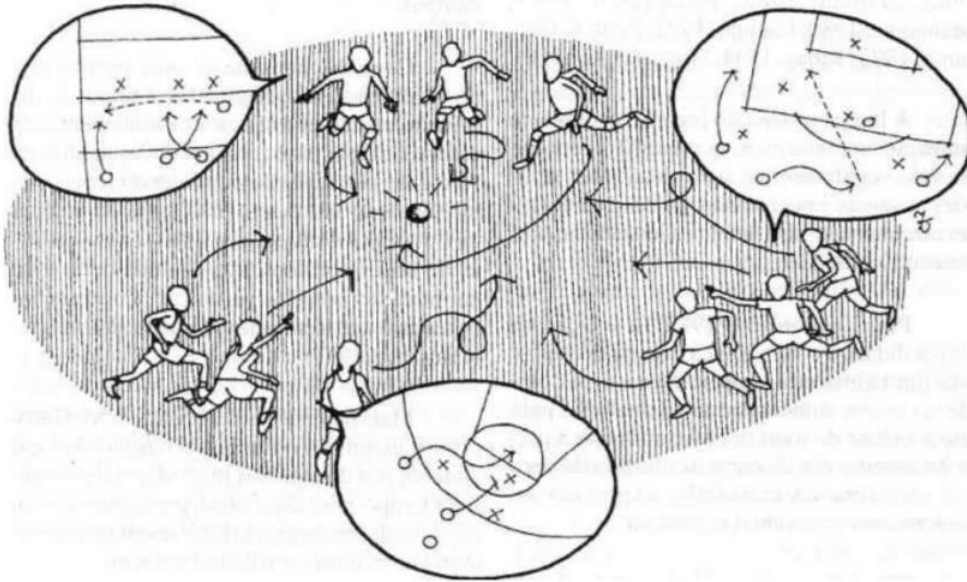
**Football  
Functional-Training**



# Tactical Periodisation



Vitor Frade



J. Garganta

# Tactical Periodisation



By José Mourinho,  
“The Guardian on-line  
20<sup>th</sup> February 2017

● “Our **daily concerns** are directed to make operational our **game model**. However, the structure of the training session and what to do **each day is not only** related to the **tactical objectives** but also with **physical fitness** to be prioritised.”

# Tactical Periodisation



By José Mourinho,  
“The Guardian on-line  
20<sup>th</sup> February 2017

● “Our daily concerns  
game model.  
training  
each  
session  
day is not only  
tactical objectives also  
physical fitness  
.”

# Tactical Periodisation

---



Vitor Frade

## STRATEGIC PERIODISATION

“Intentional peaking for matches or events of perceived greatest priority or difficulty throughout a competitive season”

(Robertson & Joyce, 2015).

- **Match Difficulty Index**  
**Fixed – Dynamic Factors**

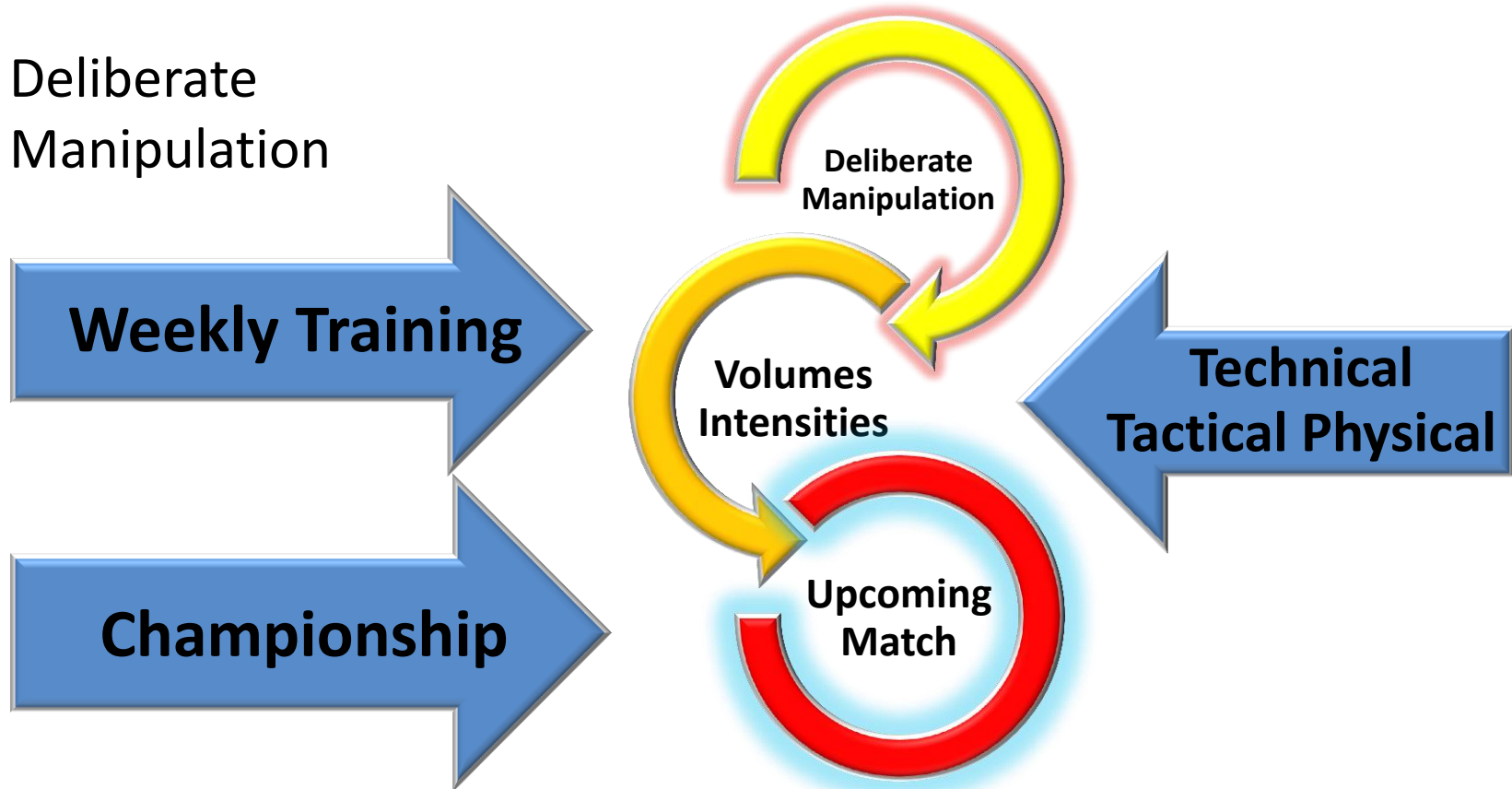


# Tactical Periodisation



## ● STRATEGIC PERIODISATION

Deliberate  
Manipulation



Robertson & Joyce 2018



# Strategic Periodisation



## Match Difficulty

- Opposition rank previous year
- Match Location (home)
- Between Match break
- Opposition Rank currently
- Team Form
- Difference in ladder position
- Team changes previous or k-week
- Number of first year players

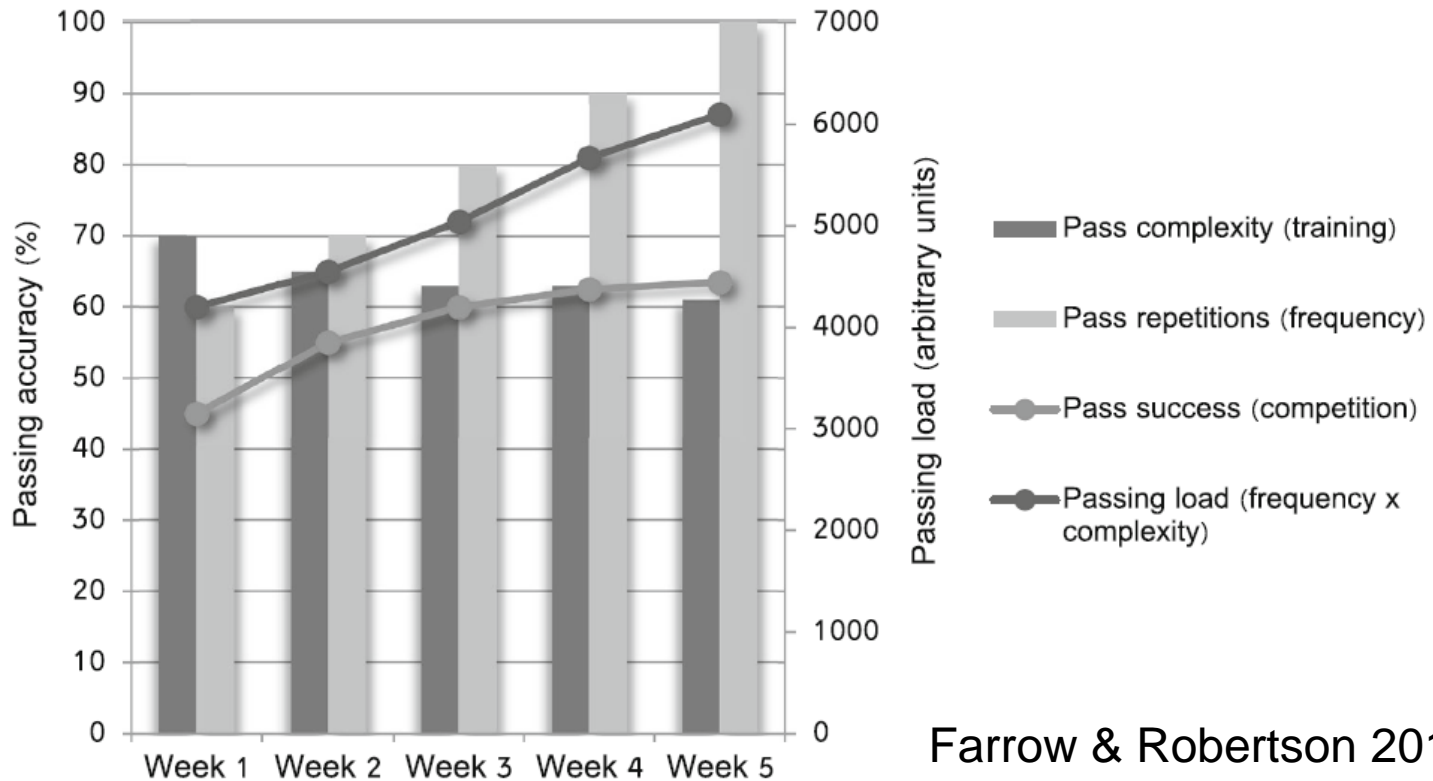
**Fixed**

**Dynamic**

# Strategic Periodisation



## ● Skill Training Progression



Farrow & Robertson 2017

# Fatigue in Football



## ARE THE PLAYERS REALLY EXPERIENCING FATIGUE?



# Match Demands: Fatigue

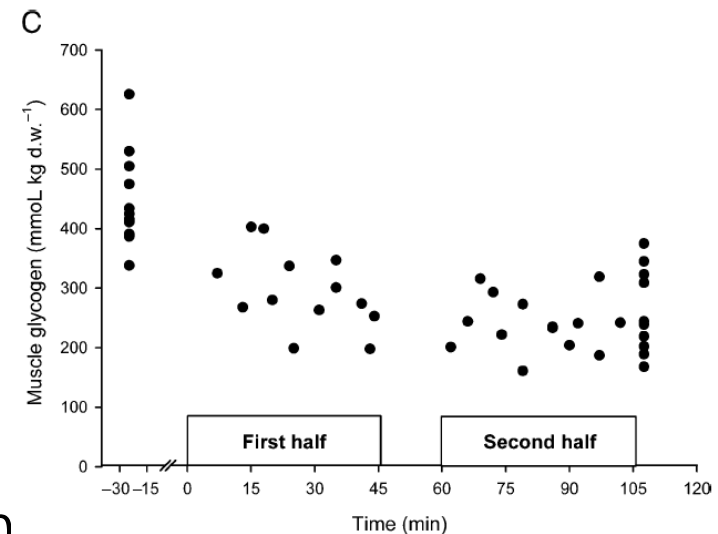
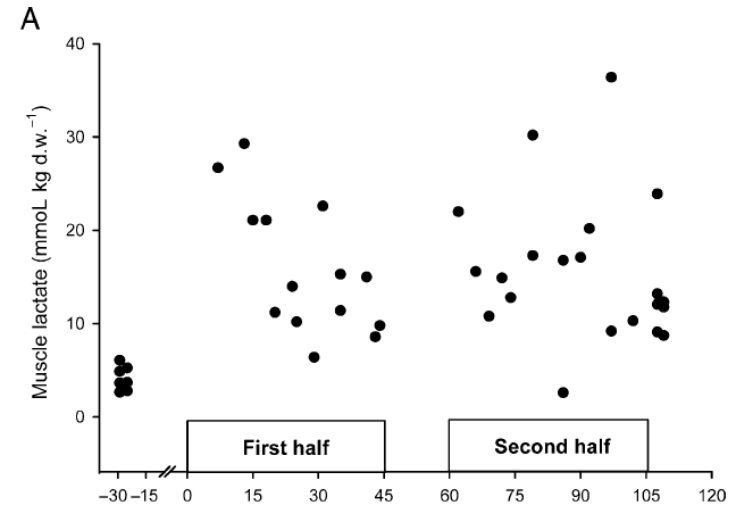
## Demands:

- $VO_2 \rightarrow 70-80\% VO_{2max}$
- $HR \rightarrow 80-90\% HR_{max}$
- 150-250 Short Hi/Int

## Effects:

- Phos-Creatine  $\rightarrow$  Glycolysis
- $\downarrow$  40-90% [Glycogen]
- $\uparrow$  FFA  $\downarrow$  pH
- $\uparrow$  Glu  $\uparrow$  IMP

Bangsbo et al. 200



# Match Demands: Fatigue

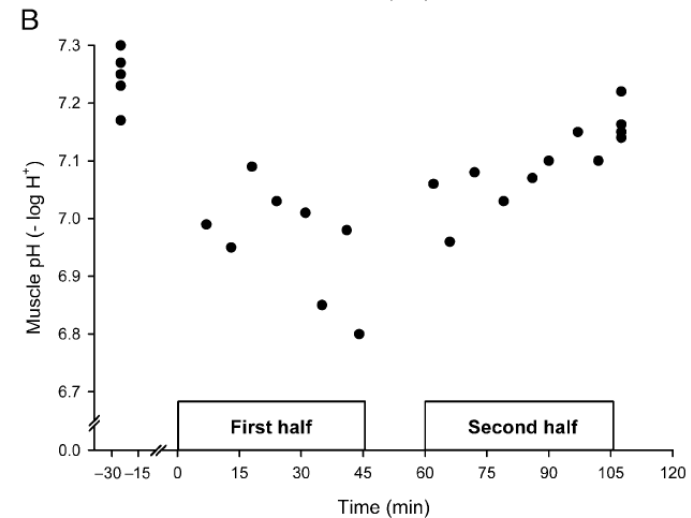
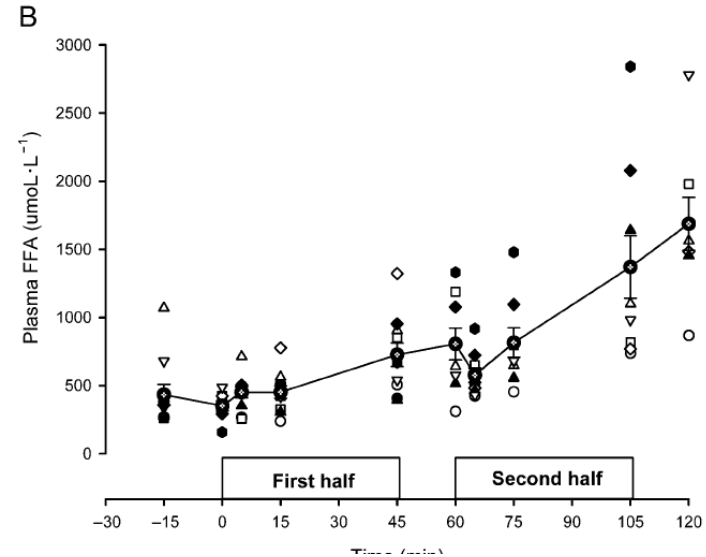
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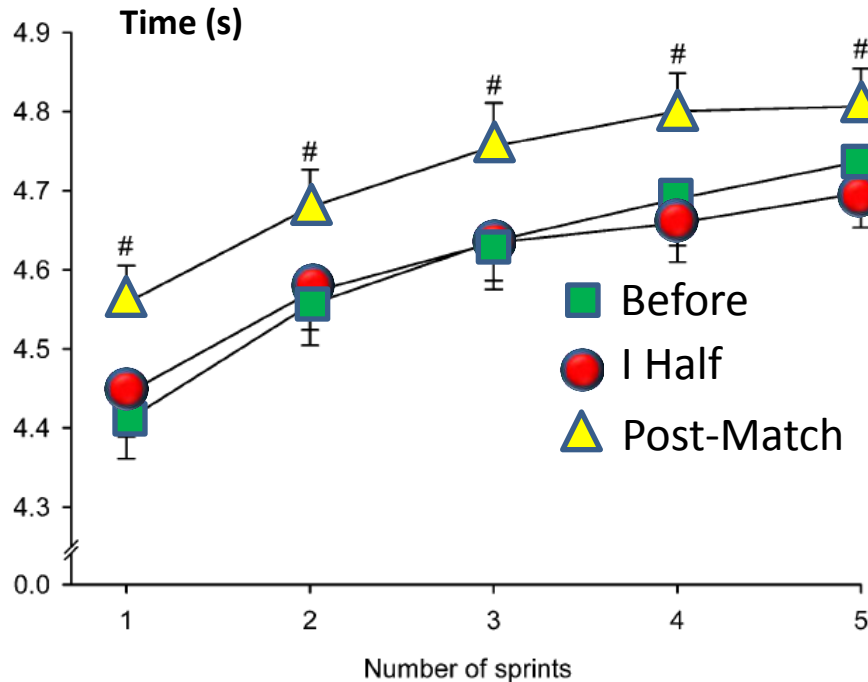
Bangsbo et al. 2001



# Match Fatigue Sprinting

## 5x30m 25s Rec.

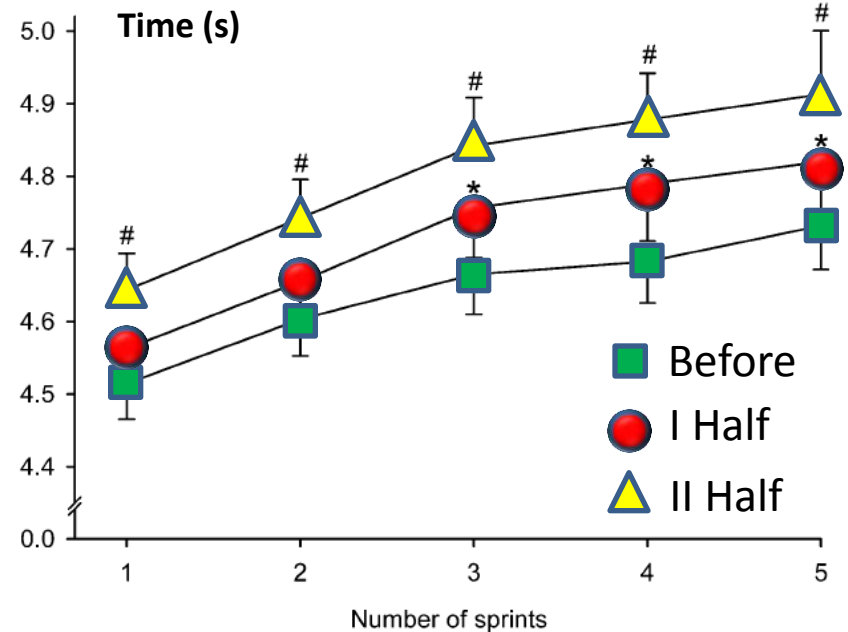
● Before–Interval–Post Match



Krustrup et al 2006

## 5x30m 25s Rec.

● After Match High-Intensity Phases



# Match Fatigue «*Constructs*»

## Fatigue:

● TEMPORARY

ATP-CP

First Half

● CUMULATIVE

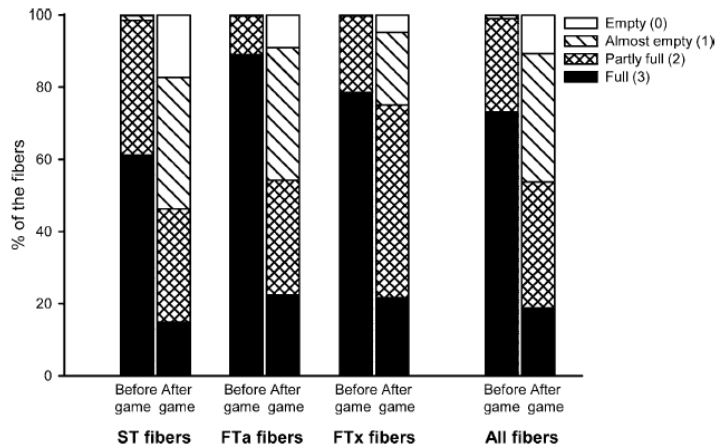
[Gly]<sub>m</sub>

Second Half

● PERSISTENT

[Gly]<sub>m</sub>+MD

Post Match



## Causes:

- Selective [Gly] Depletion
- Fibre FT IIa-IIx
- Fibre ST

Krustrup et al 2006

# Performance Constructs



Banister 1975

**Performance = Fitness – Fatigue**

**Key Words; *Hormesis, Homeostasis, Allostasis, Personalization***

**Load = Volume · Intensity**

**Actions: Training Load Control @ Regulation**

**Dose — Response**

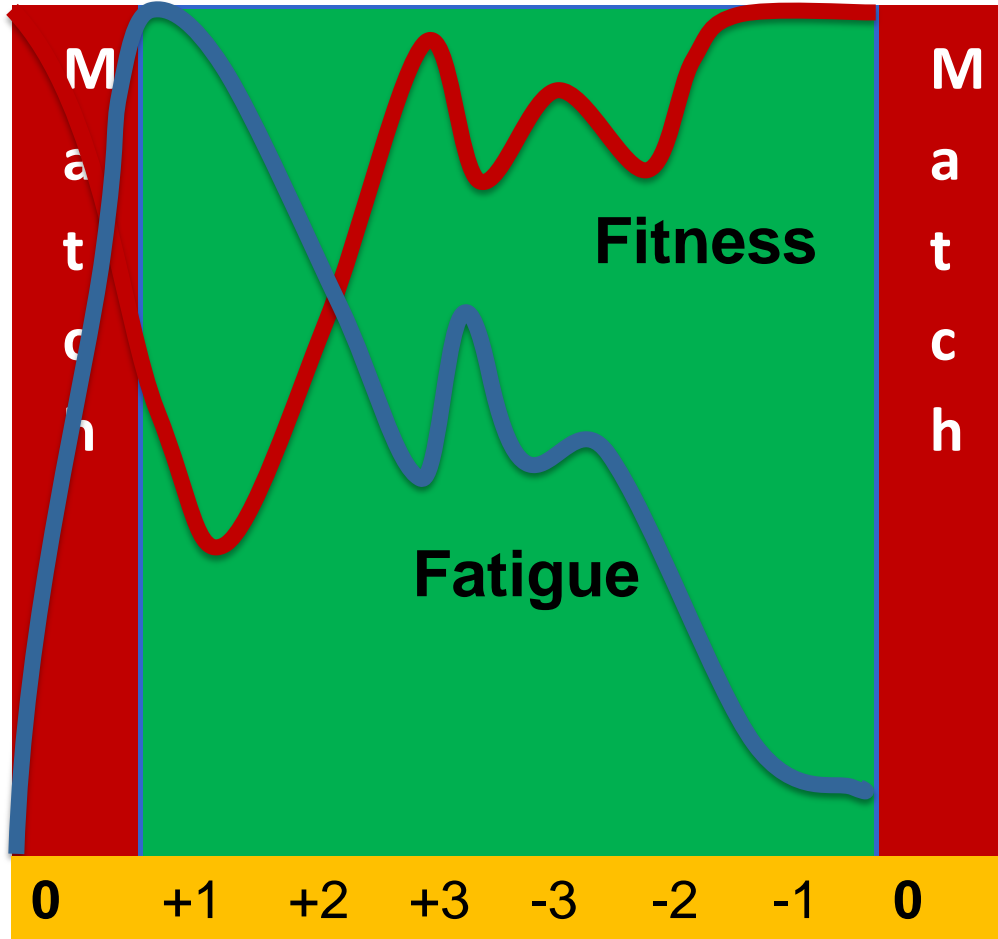
**HORMESIS**

*“All things are poison and nothing is without poison, only the dose permits something not to be poisonous”*

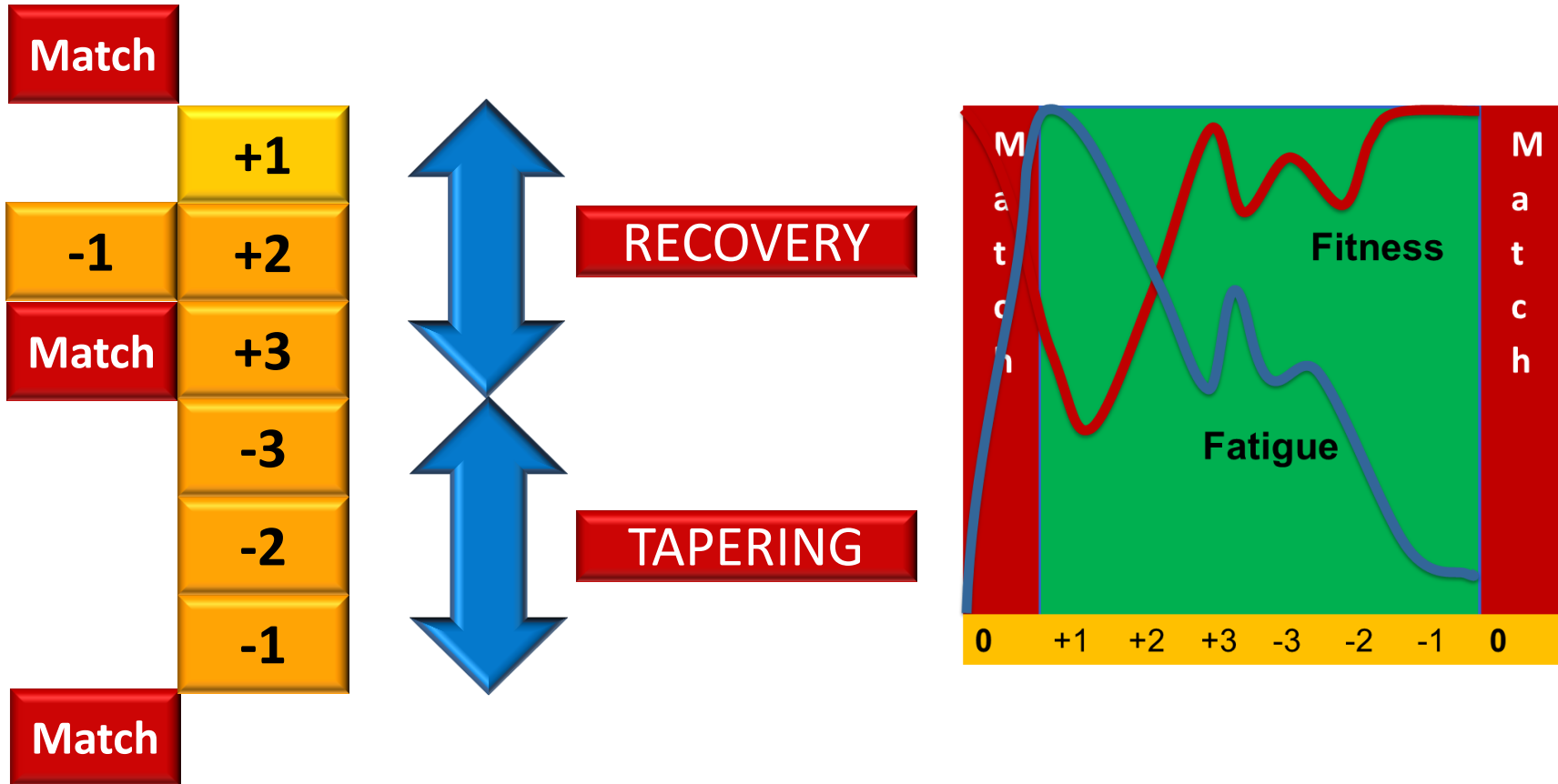
Paracelsus



# Weekly Microcycle



# Weekly Periodisation



# Tactical Periodisation



Sports Med  
DOI 10.1007/s40279-017-0798-8



SYSTEMATIC REVIEW

## Acute and Residual Soccer Match-Related Fatigue: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis

J. R. Silva<sup>1,2</sup> · M. C. Rumpf<sup>1,3</sup> · M. Hertzog<sup>1</sup> · C. Castagna<sup>4</sup> · A. Farooq<sup>5</sup> · O. Girard<sup>5,6</sup> · K. Hader<sup>1,7</sup>

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### Abstract

**Background** Understanding soccer players' match-related fatigue and recovery profiles likely helps with developing conditioning programs that increase team performance and reduce injuries and illnesses. In order to improve match recovery (the return-to-play process and ergogenic interventions) it is also pivotal to determine if match simulation protocols and actual match-play lead to similar responses. **Objectives** (1) To thoroughly describe the development of fatigue during actual soccer match play and its recovery time course in terms of physiological, neuromuscular, technical, biochemical and perceptual responses, and (2) to

determine similarities of recovery responses between actual competition (11 vs. 11) and match simulations.

**Methods** A first screening phase consisted of a systematic search on PubMed (MEDLINE) and SportDiscus databases until March 2016. Inclusion criteria were: longitudinal study with soccer players; match or validated protocol; duration > 45 min; and published in English.

**Results** A total of 77 eligible studies ( $n = 1105$ ) were used to compute 1196 effect sizes (ES). Half-time assessments revealed small to large alterations in immunological parameters (e.g. leukocytes,  $ES = 1.9$ ), a moderate decrement in insulin concentration ( $ES = -0.9$ ) and a small to

### Key Points

Specific physical performance capabilities (e.g. sprint recovered at G + 72 h vs. jumping abilities still impaired at G + 72 h) likely present distinct recovery profiles, resulting in player physical performance impairments at 72 h post-match.

Post-match recovery monitoring of hamstring muscle function (eccentric and/or isometric muscle action), countermovement jump performance, DOMS and CK is of primary importance due to more profound changes (larger magnitude and extended time-course).

Medical staff and researchers should use biochemical (e.g. CK) and perceptual (DOMS) indices separately, for instance, when evaluating players readiness to return to 'real competition' or assessing the effectiveness of specific interventions (e.g. eccentric training).

# Post Match Recovery Timing



## ● Systematic Evidence

Silva et al 2017

24h

- RFD, Line Sprint, MVC, Endurance, RSA, Jump Ability, Flexibility

48h

- COD Performance, Quad Strength
- Hamstring Strength, Flexibility, Endurance

72h

- Sprint Performance, Quad Strength
- Jumping Abilities, MVC

96h

- Full Recovery

# Tactical Periodisation



Sports Med  
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## Magnitude of Recovery

- 24h Small
- 48h Moderate
- 72h Large
- 96h Complete

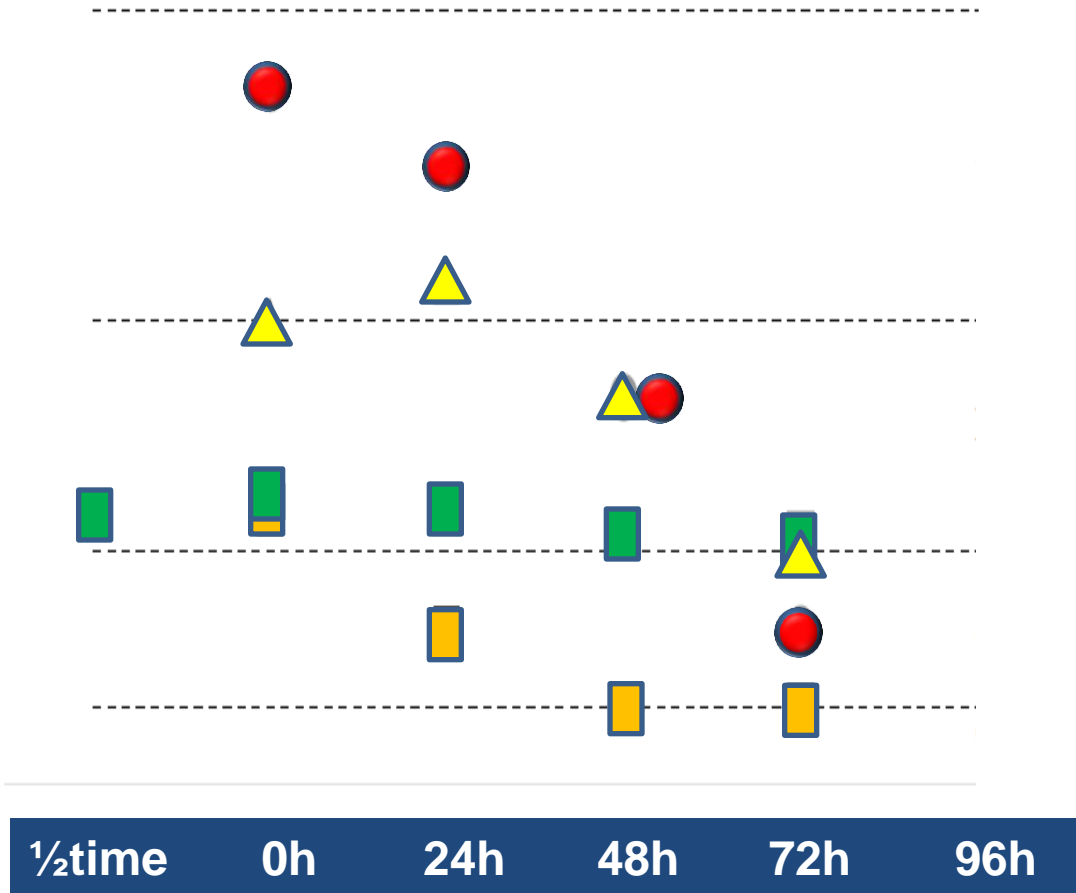
Silva et al 2017

# Match Fatigue



## Legend

- Hams
- Quads
- CK
- DOMS



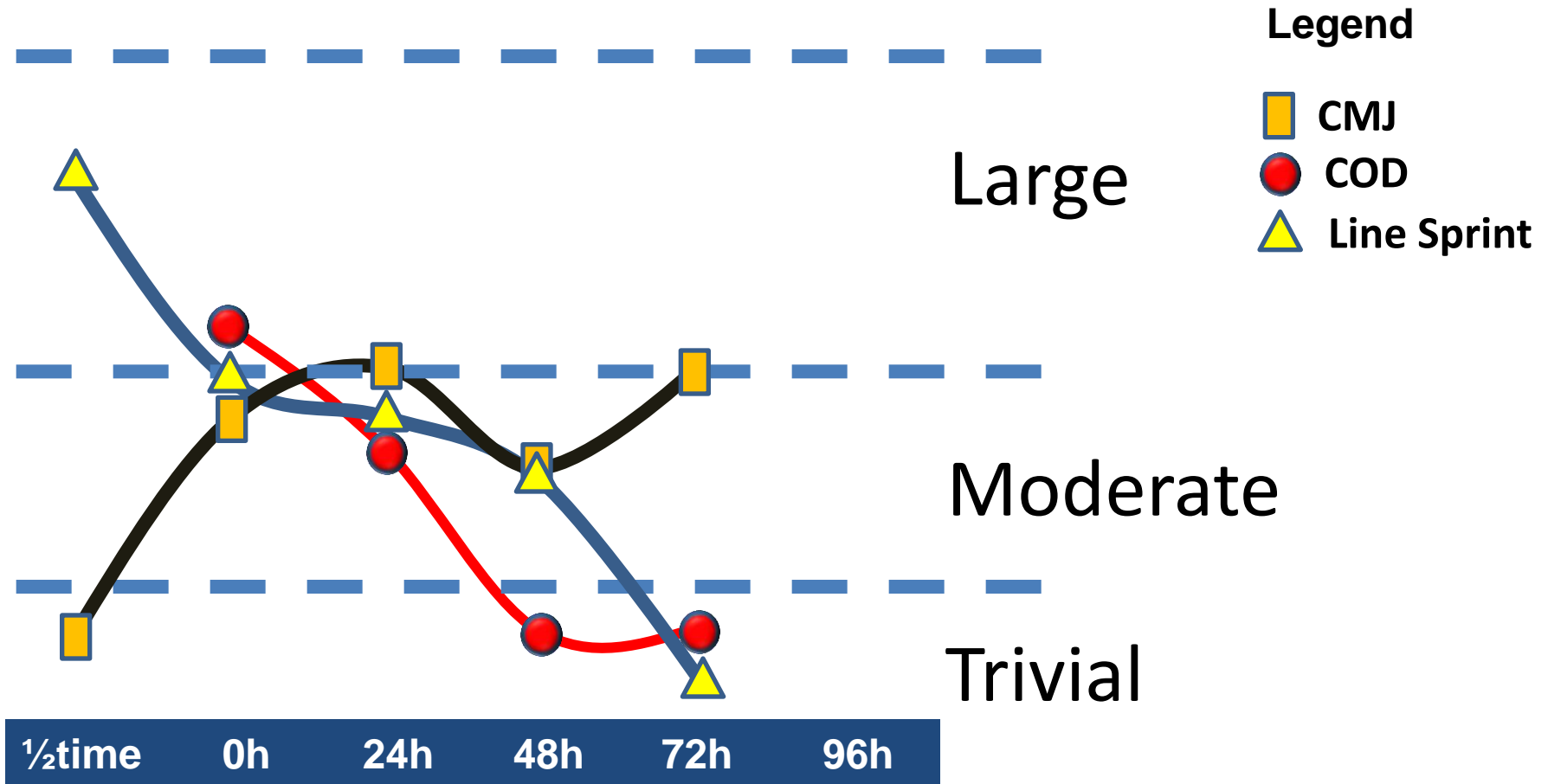
Large

Moderate

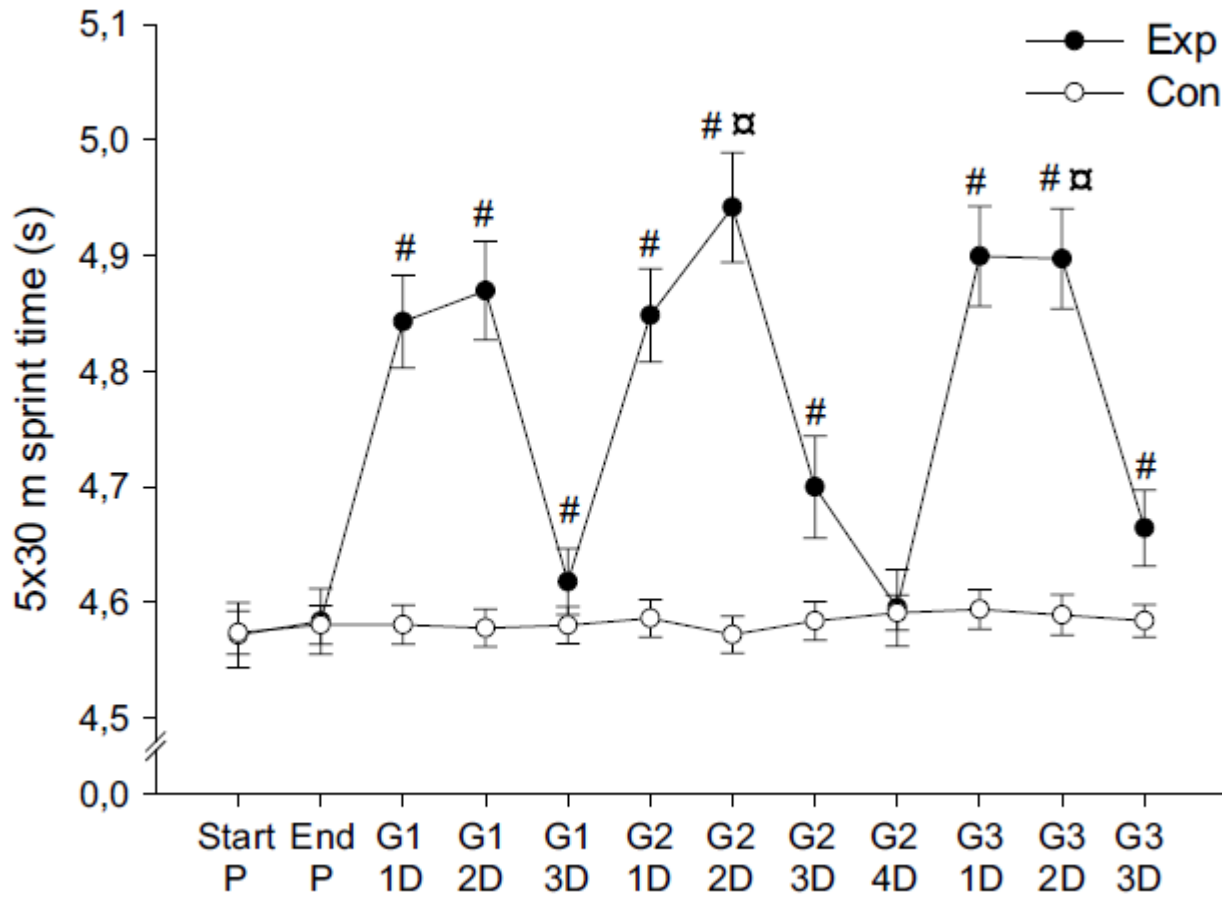
Small

Trivial

# Match Fatigue



# Tactical Periodisation



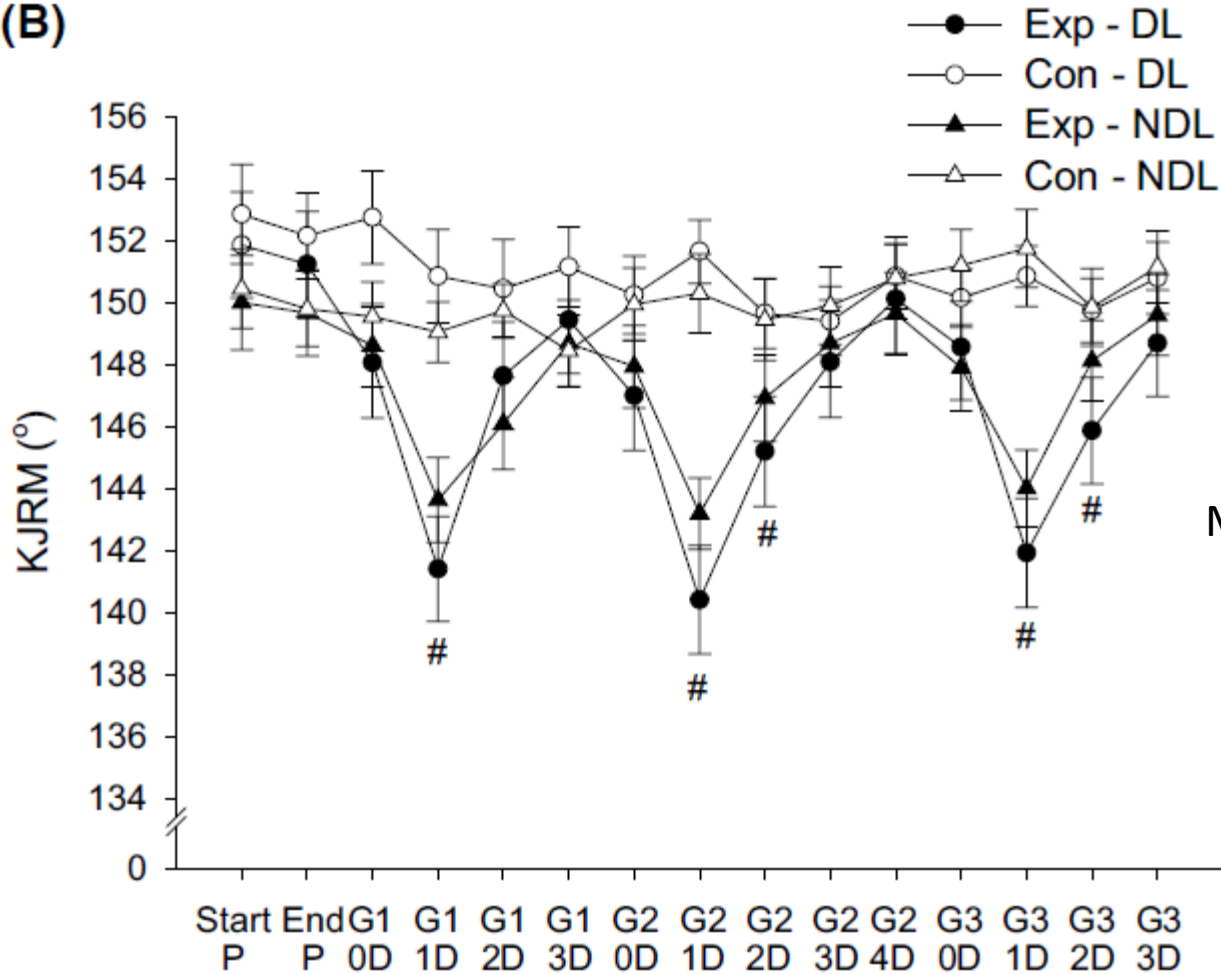
Mohr et al 2015



# Tactical Periodisation

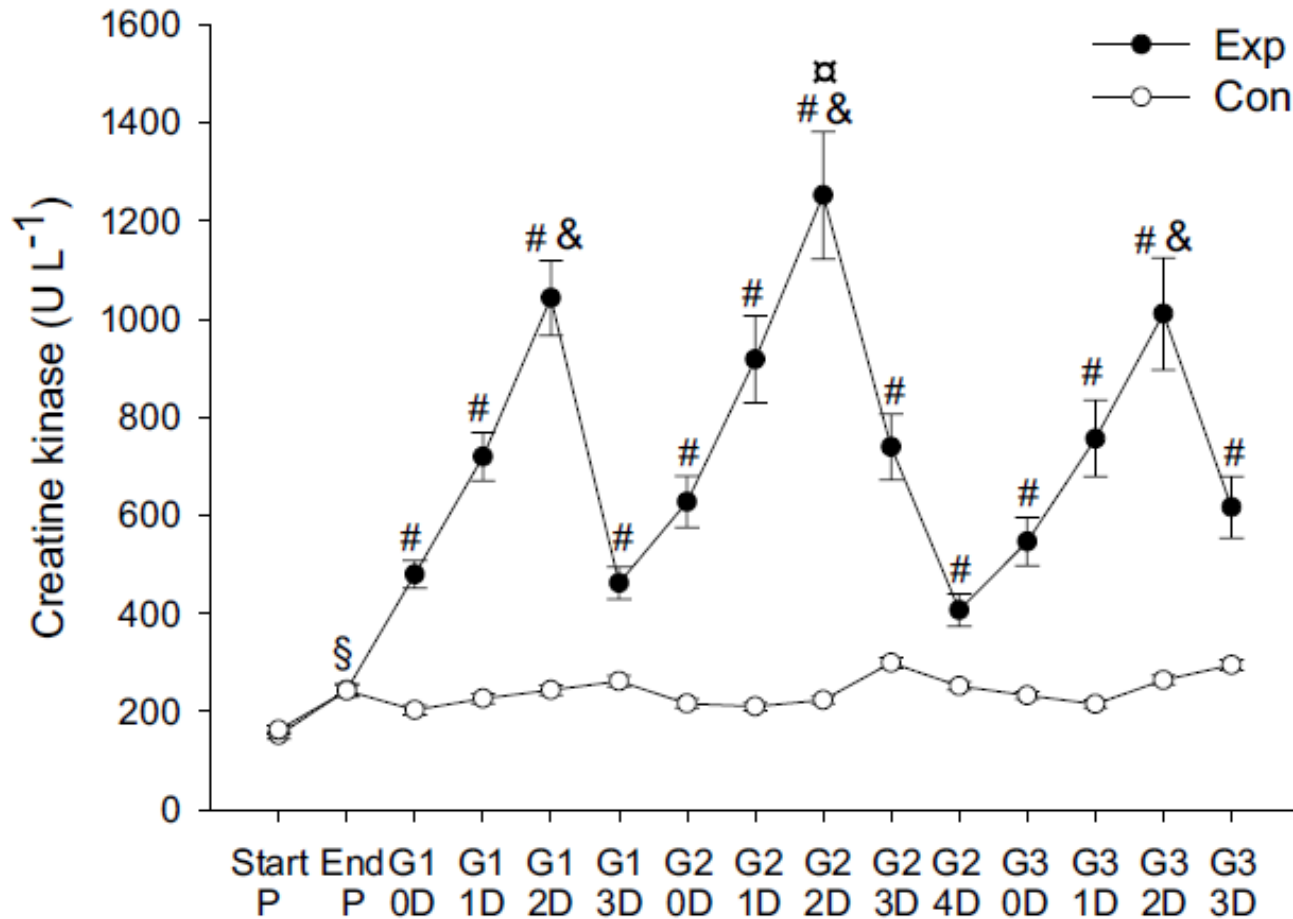


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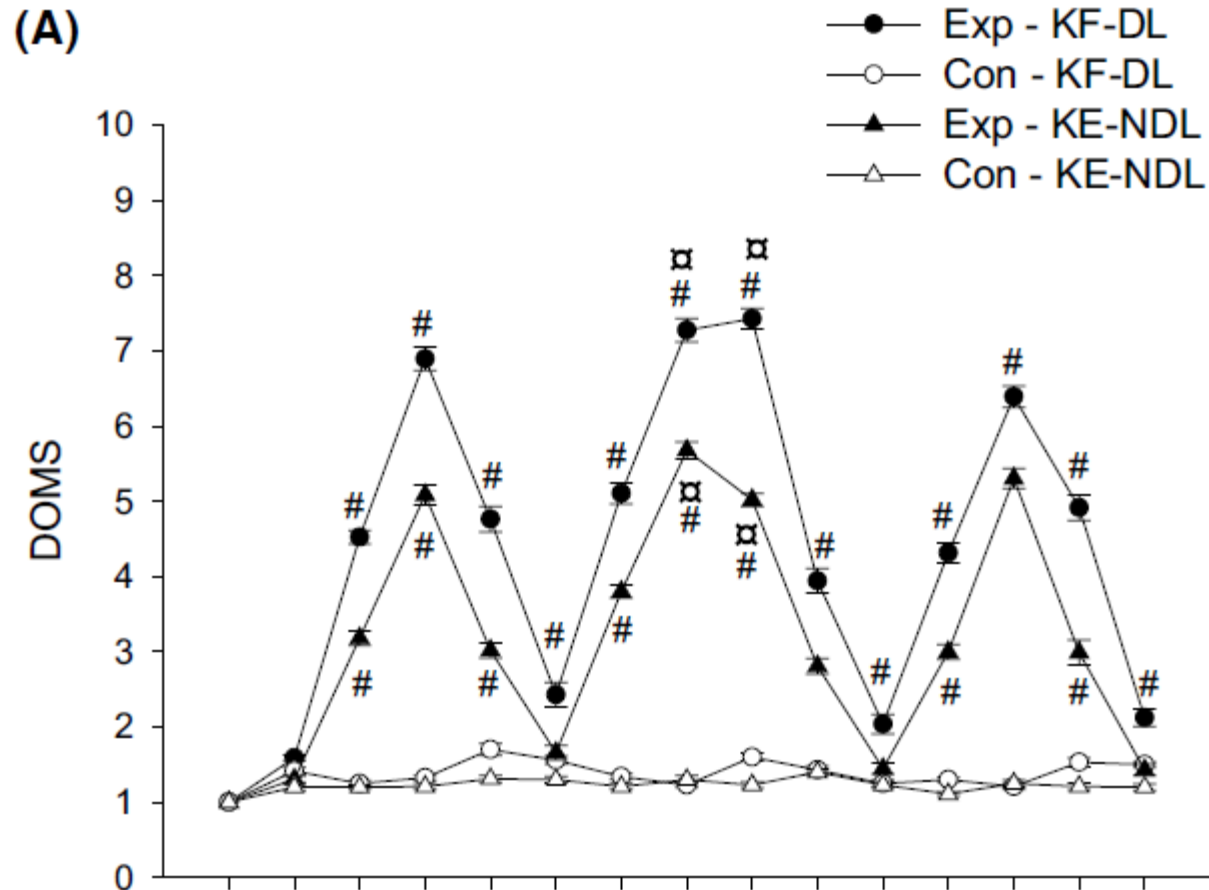


Mohr et al 2015

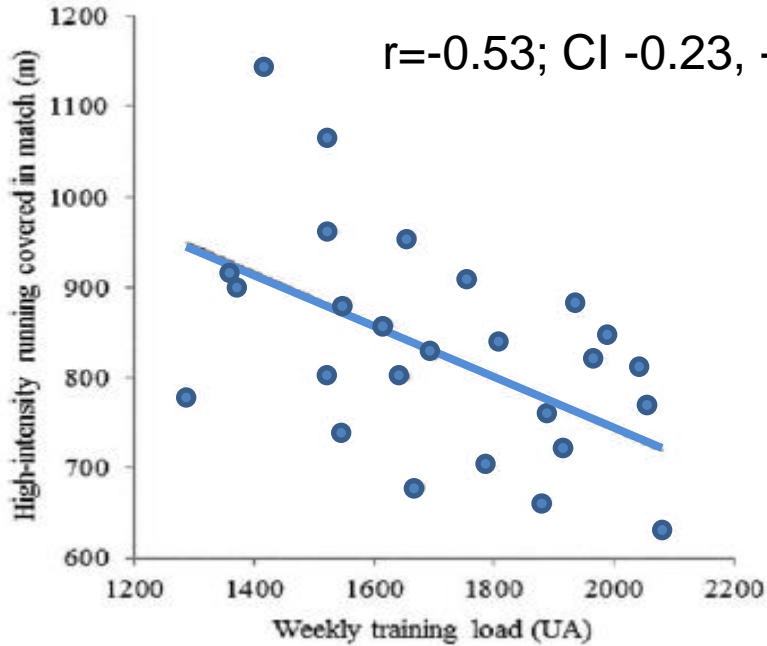
# Tactical Periodisation



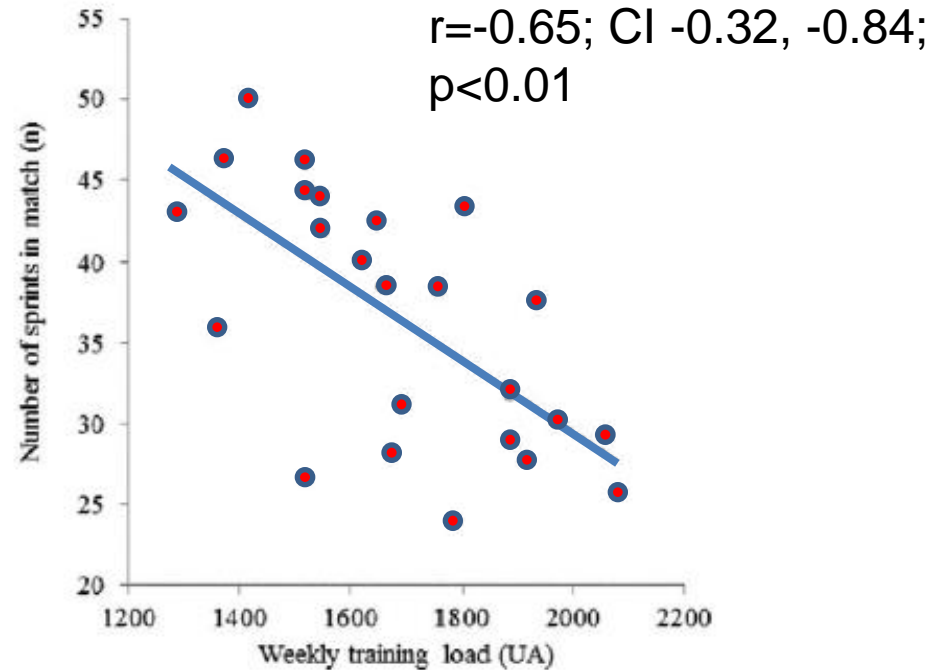
# Tactical Periodisation



# Tapering & Performance



Fessi et al 2016

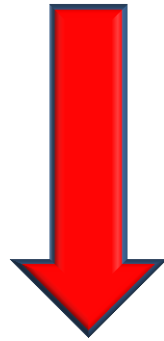


# Tapering & Performance



## Take home message

- - 25% Weekly TL

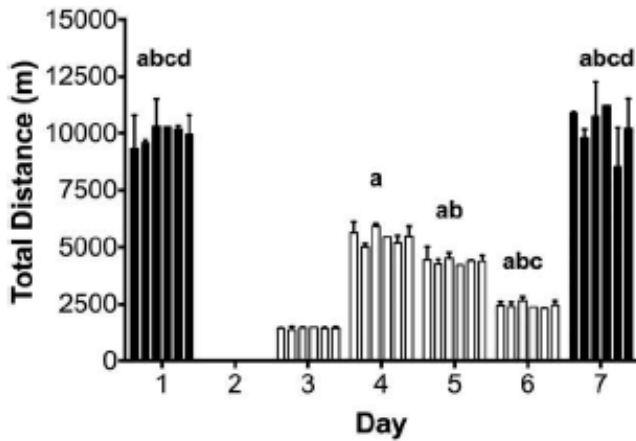
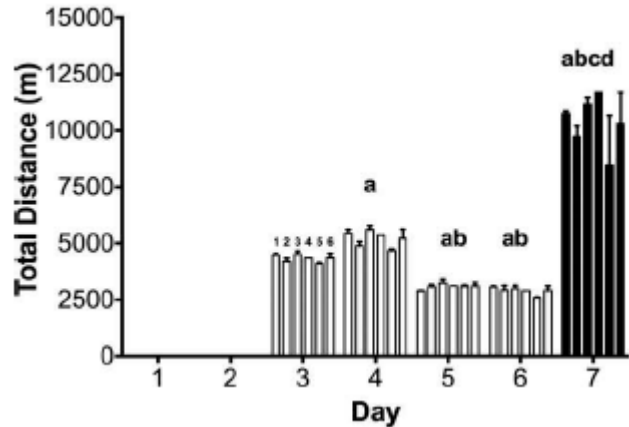


**+ 15% Match HI**

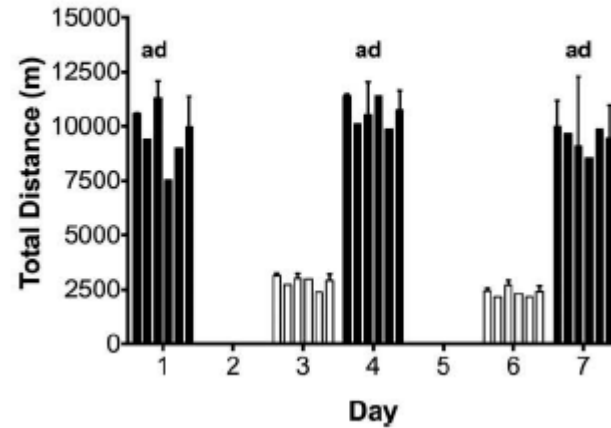
- Reducing Volume (Duration and Frequency)
- Maintaining Intensity

Fessi et al 2016

# Weekly TL

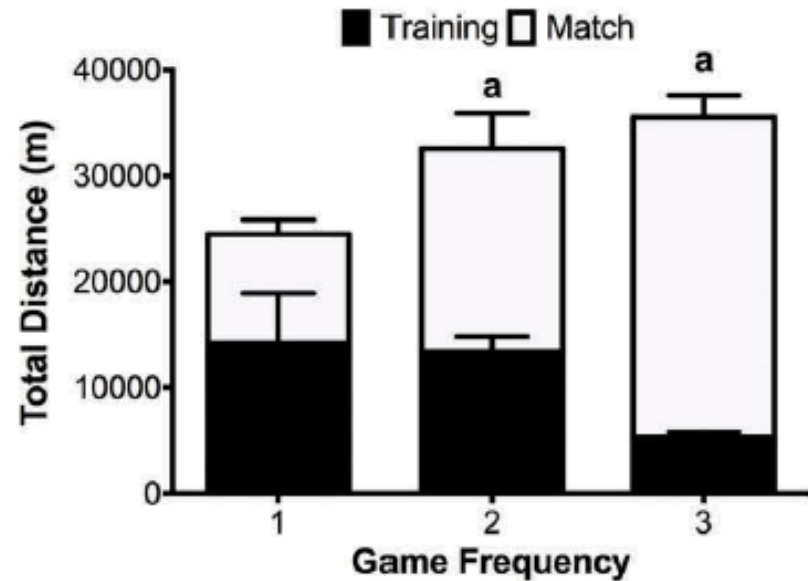
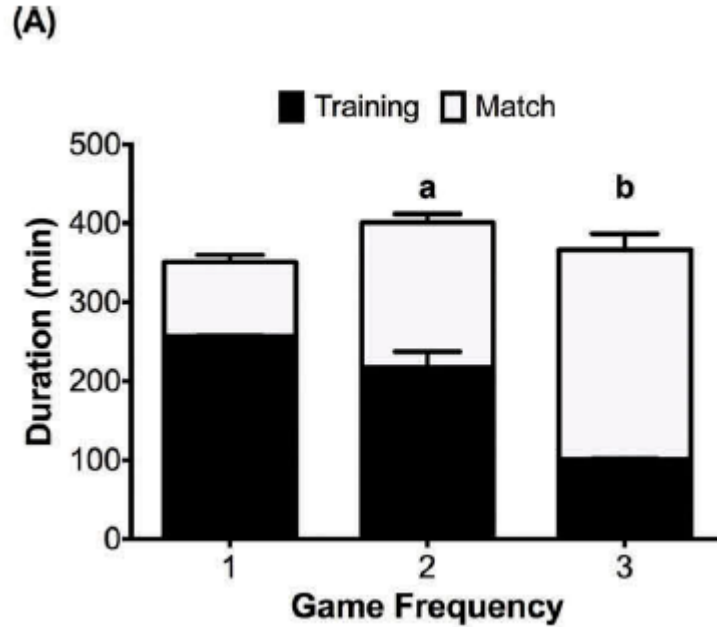


(E)



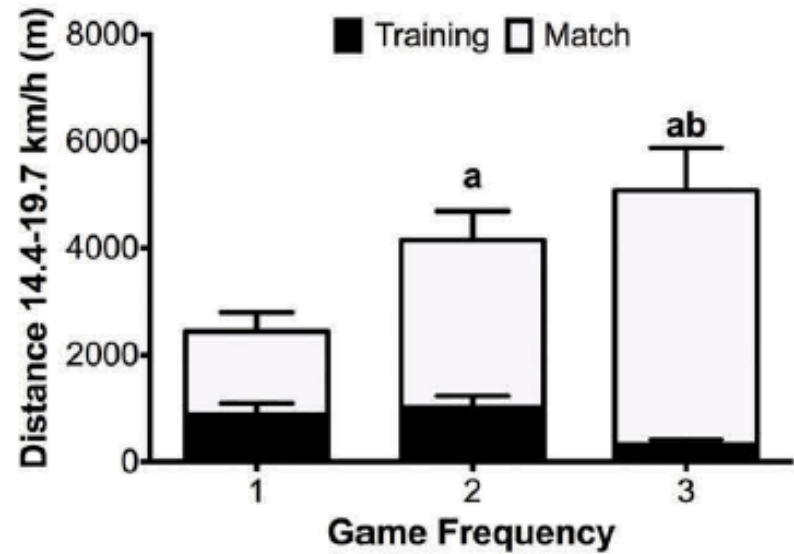
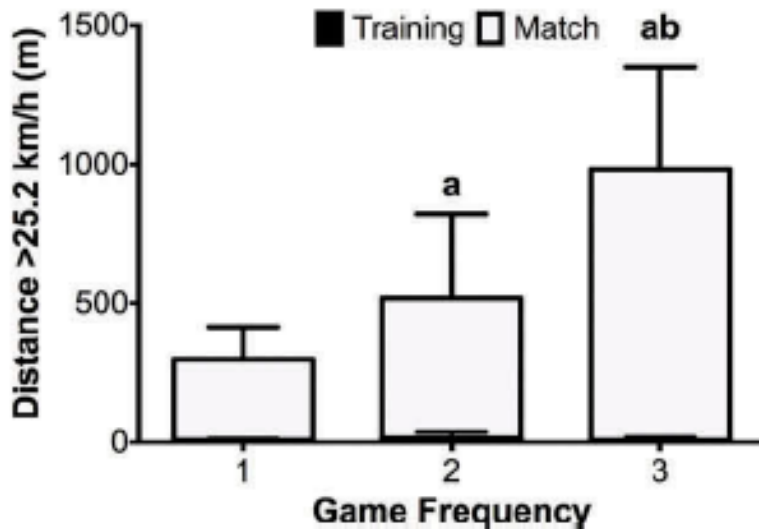
Anderson et al 2017

# Weekly TL



Anderson et al 2017

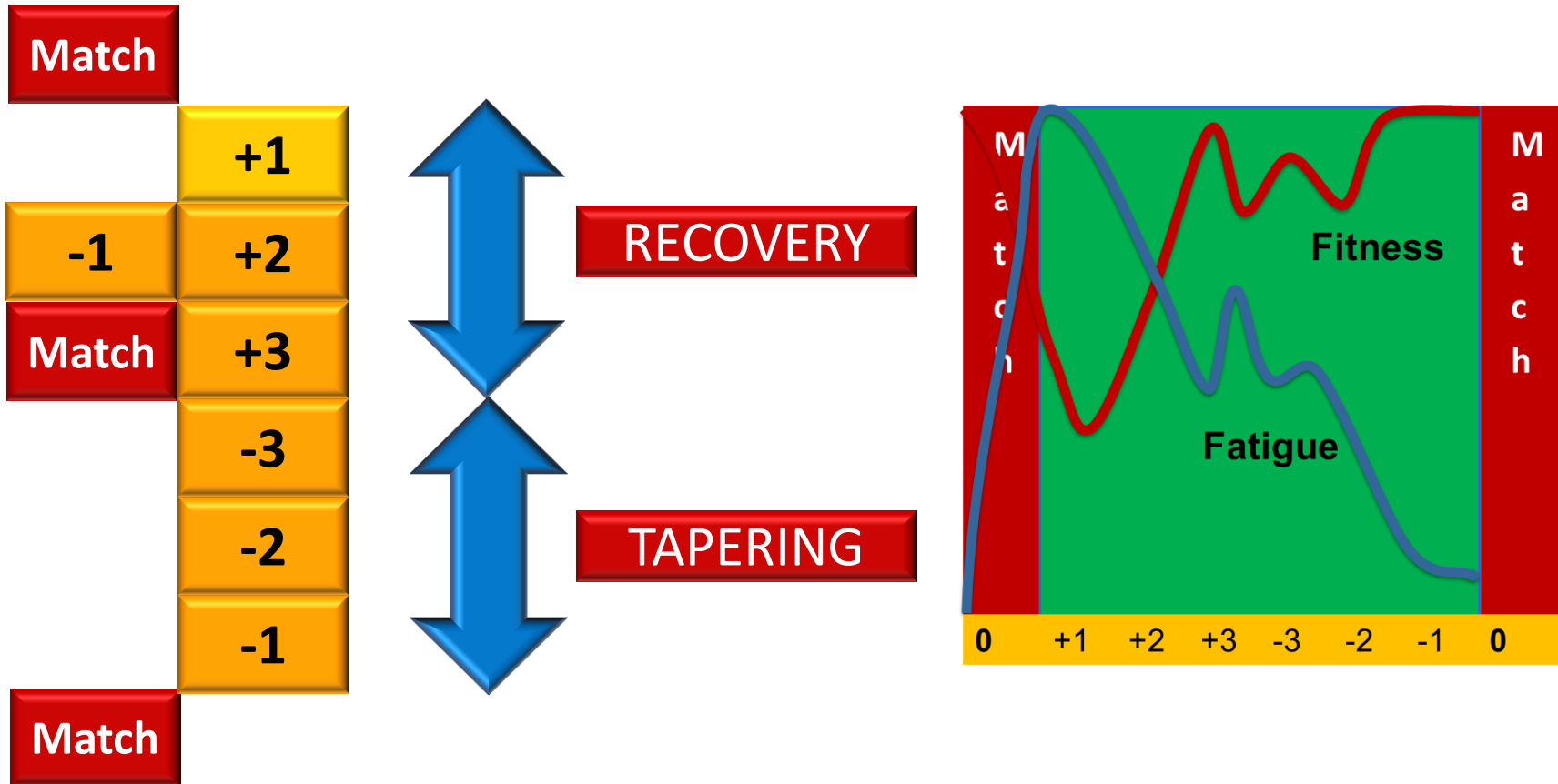
# Weekly TL



Anderson et al 2017



# Weekly Periodisation



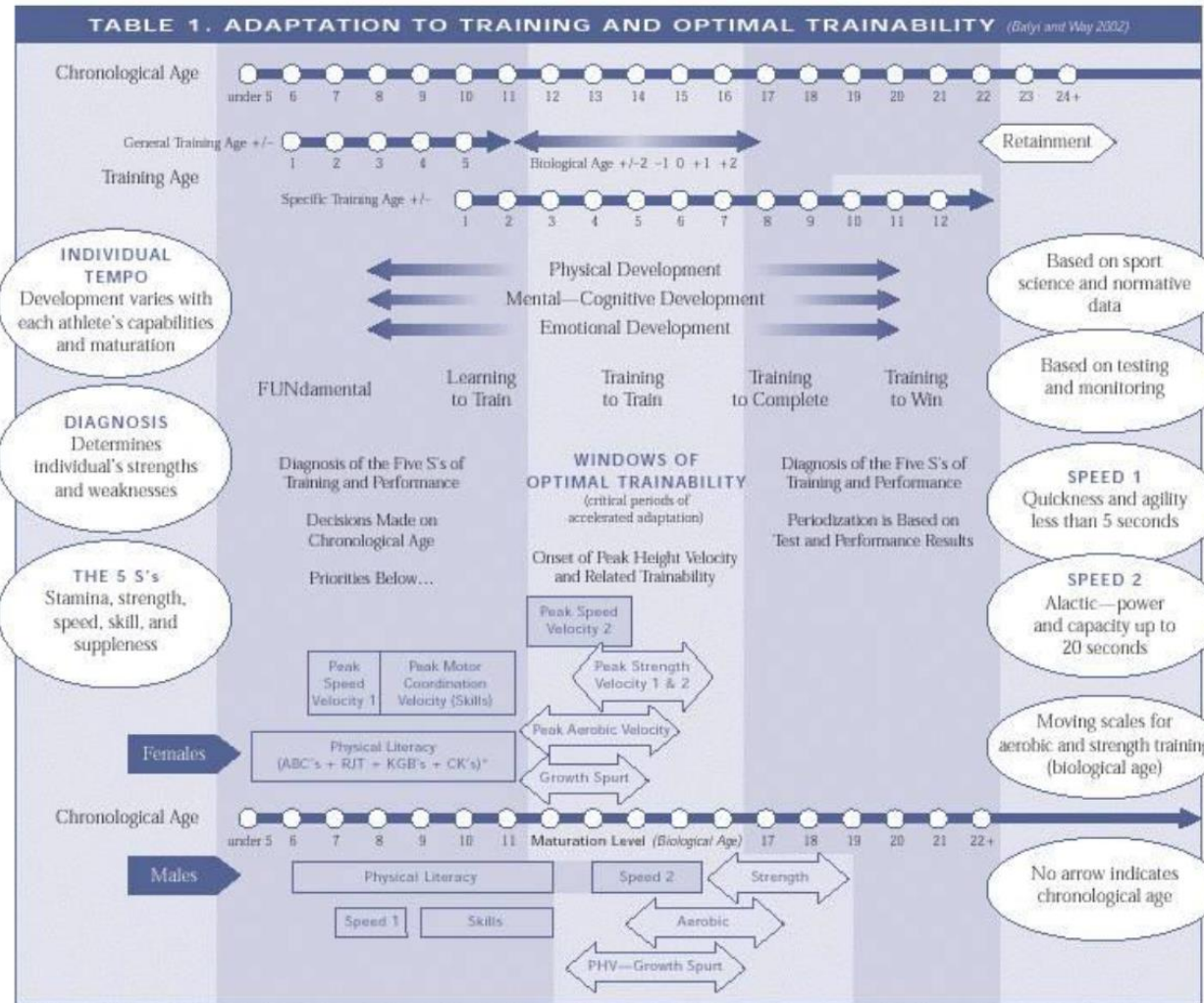
# Youth Football

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- Biological Maturation
- Physical Abilities Ontology
- Deliberate Practice
- Deliberate Practice

# Long Term Player Development

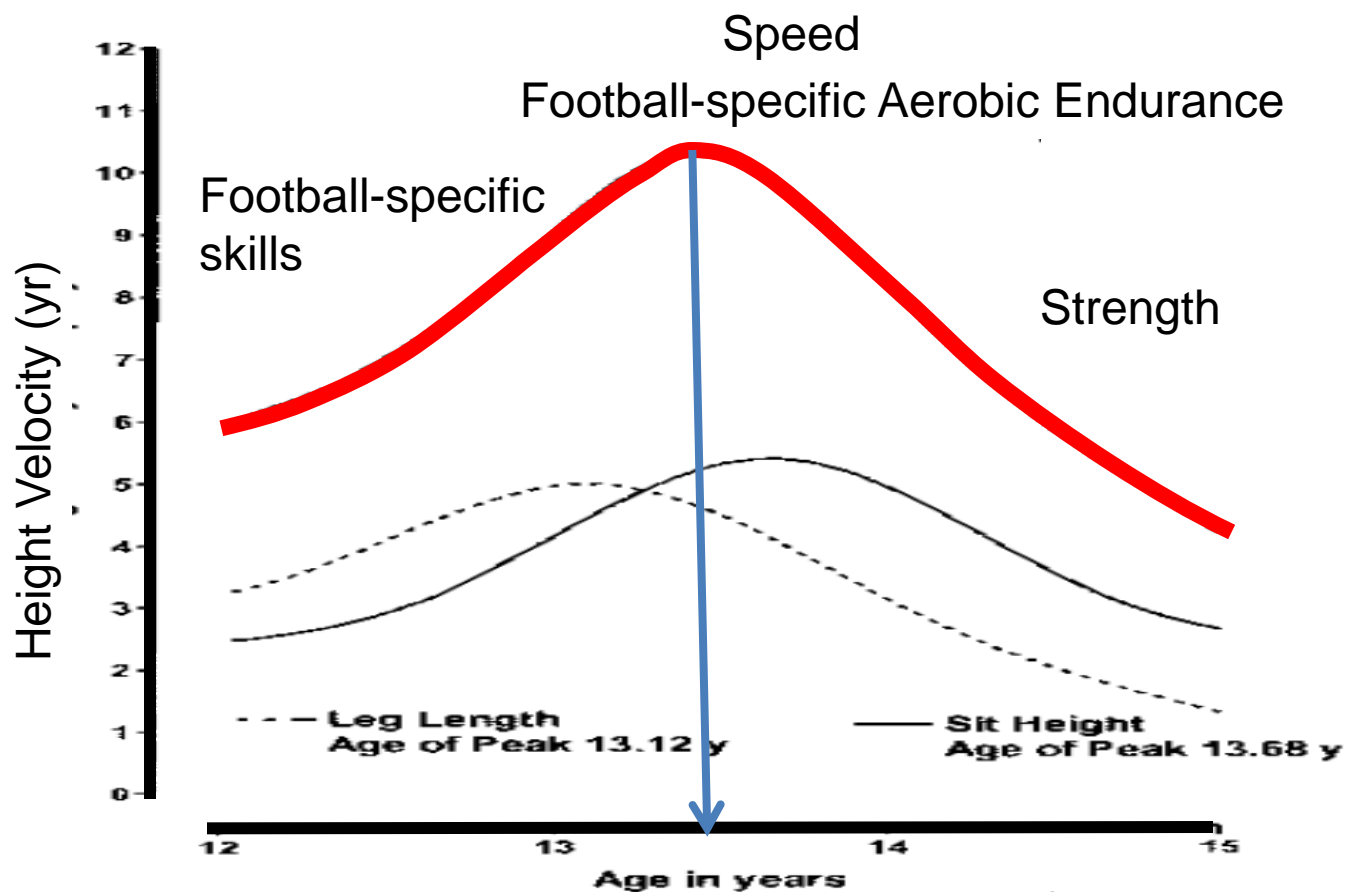


\*ABC's – Agility Balance Coordination Speed + RJT – Run Jump Throw + KGB's – Kinesthesia Gliding Bouyance Striking with objec + CK's – Catching Kicking Striking with body

# PHV test Performance



## ● Sensitive periods?



(Philippaerts et al., 2006).

# Training Interventions



Parameter	Deprez 2015		Chronological Age (yrs)									
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
<i>Motor coordination</i>	[Redacted]											
<i>Aerobic fitness</i>	[Redacted]											
Endurance	[Redacted]											
Interval	[Redacted]											
Extensive	[Redacted]											
Intensive	[Redacted]											
<i>Speed</i>	[Redacted]											
Maximal/reaction	[Redacted]											
Endurance/repeated	[Redacted]											
<i>Strength</i>	[Redacted]											
Endurance	[Redacted]											
Maximal	[Redacted]											
Explosive/power	[Redacted]											
<i>Flexibility</i>	[Redacted]											

# Window of Opportunities

Deprez 2015

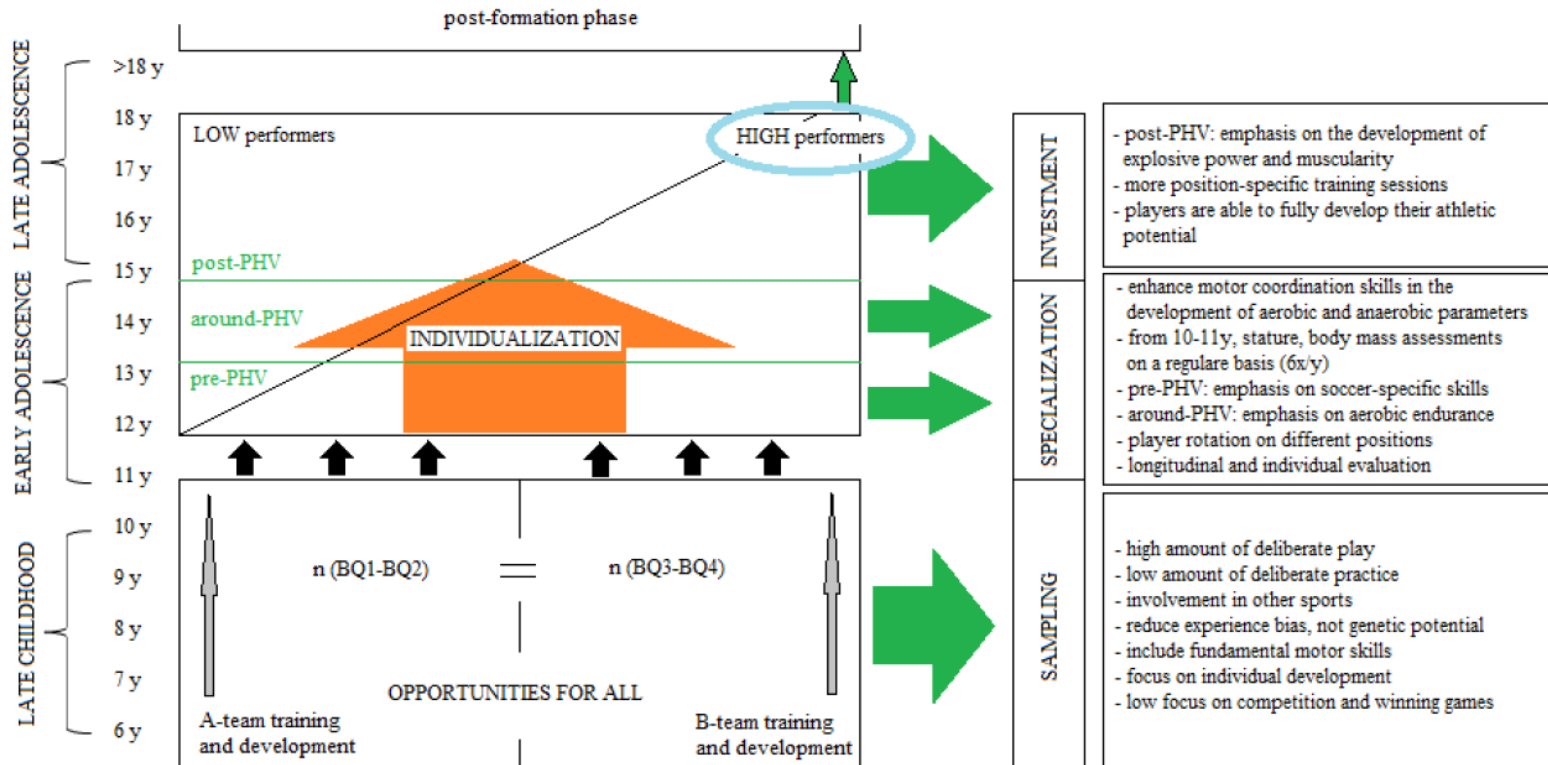


Figure 6 Long-term model for physical and physiological development ("LPDM").

# Conclusions

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- **Fatigue Model**
- **Personalized Approach**
- **Flexible Approach**
- **Integrated Training**
- **Maximize Playing Performance**

# Planning in Football

תודעה

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UNIVERSITA' degli STUDI di ROMA  
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SETTORE TECNICO FIGC.IT



Laboratorio di Metodologia e Biomeccanica Applicata al Calcio  
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